Market Resident State of the contract of the c

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, August 10, 1758.

JAMES DICK. DAGE of all Sizes to be Sold by the oscriber in ANNAPOLIS. BASIL WHEELER.

USTIMPORTED,

ETSY. Capt. STRACHAN, the EXPERI-

AT Variety of EUROPEAN and AST-INDIA GOODS, fuitable for

AST-INDIA GOODS, juitable to n; fine Hylon, Bohea, and Green Tell d Arnold's Snuff, and best English Flor rd; to be Sold by the Subscriber at his Annapolis and London-Town

ponable Rates, Wholesale or Retail.

Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, made the best Riga Hemp, imported from Eucountry Hemp, all Sorts of Ship Chand

Duck, Twine, &c. Rum by the Hog-fuscovado Sugar by the Barrel, Carolina, and Maryland Pork, by the Barrel, &c.

NSON, from LONDON,

SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, in ANNAPOLIS, IAL GOOD BLOCKS, of all Sizes, Wholesale or large Quantities, at Seven-ee a Foot. WILLIAM CLAJON.

ASCHEME OF A

TTERY,

ing the Sum of Four Hundred and CY-FIVE POUNDS, for further Securing OCK in Annapolis, and other Publi vithin the faid CITY; to confist of 4000 rs, at 15/0 each, 1204 of which are fortunate, viz.

Amount.
100 £.
150
200 Value. first Drawn, not otherwise last Drawn, Ditto, -

Amounting to 2565 Sum raifed £. 435 for above Ules. Prizes, Blanks.

Tickets at 15s. each, make 3000 L. Uses to which the above Sum of 435 l. to be applied, tending to the Public Good ice of the Community, as well without as is City; the best Expedient that could be at this Time for raising that Sum, being ay, and the Scheme thereof calculated to the Advantage of the Adventurers t being Two Blanks and a Half to a Prize, Deduction on the whole not 15 per Cent.) more need be faid for its Recommendatid it is not doubted but the Tickets will Il Sold, as near One Thousand of them

the Tickets are dispos'd of, the Drawing in immediately, in the Court-House in , in the Presence of Five of the Managers and as many of the Adventurers as shall

per to attend. Managers, viz. Messieurs John Bries, Nordley, Nicholas Maccubbin, James Dick, Pulany, William Roberts, Lancelot Jacques, Reynolds, Jonas Green, Henry Woodward, binson, John Clapham, and Bennett Chew, e Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful a of their Tens. of their Truft.

r of the PRIZES to be published in the GAZETTE; and Paid off, without any n, as foon as the Drawing is finish'd:. not demanded in Six Months afterwards, med as generously given to the Public, ses above-mentioned. hole to be conducted, as near as may be,

ne Manner as State Lotteries in England. s to be had of any of the Managers.
Fourteen Days Notice, at least, will be

he GAZETTE, of the Time of Drawing. s Office in Charles-fireet;

d. per Year, ADVERTISEfirst Week, and One Shilling' THE RELAXATION OF WAR: Os, THE HERO'S PHILOSOPHY.

POEM,

WROTE BY HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF PRUSSIA,

During HIS Residence at BRESLAU. OVE by Hope is still sustain'd,
Zeal by the Reward that's gain'd,
In Pow'r, Authority begins,
Weakness Strength from Prudence wins,
Honessy is Credit's Wealth,
the Support of Health Temp'rance the Support of Health, Wit from calm Contentment fprings, Content 'tis Competence that brings, Competence, as all may fee, Springs from good OEconomy.
Maids, to fan a Lover's Fire, Aubers more from Truth may gain
Than from Tropes that pleafe the Vain, Arts will less than Virtues tend Happiness and Life to blend,
He that Happiness wou'd get
Presence more must prize than Wit,
More than Richts rosy Health,
Blameles Quiet more than Wealth. Nought to owe, and nought to beard, Little Land and little Board, Little Fav'rite, true and kind These are Blessings to my Mind. I. when Winter comes, defire Little Room but plenteous Fire, Temp'rate Glasses, gen'rous Wine, Diftes few whene'er I dine. Min must never have too much;
Not too much—What folid Sense Not too much—What folld Sense Three such little Words dispense! Too much Rest benumbs the Mind; Too much Serife distracts Mankind; Too much Negligence is Slath; Too much Zeal is Folly's Growth; Too much Love our Peace annoys; Too much Physic Life destroys;
Too much Cunning's fraudful Art;
Too much Firmness Want of Heart; Too much sparing makes a Knave; Those are rash that are too brave;
Too much Wealth like Weight oppresses;
Too much Fame with Care distresses; Too much Pleasure Death will bring; Too much Wit's a dang'rous Thing; Too much Trust is Folly's Guide; Too much Spirit is but Pride;

Too much Bounty weak must be;
Too much Bounty weak must be;
Too much Complaifance a Knave;
Too much Zeal to please a Slave.
This roo MUCH, tho' bad it seem,
Chang'd with Ease to Good you deem; But in this you err my Friend, For on Trifles all depend. Trifles great Effects produce, Both of Pleasure and of Use; Trifles often turn the Scale, When in Love or Law we fail; Trifles to the Great commend, Trifles make proud Beauty bend; Trifles prompt the Poet's Strain, Trifles oft distract the Brain; Trifles, Trifles more or less, Give us, or withhold Success Trifles when we bope, can cheer; Trifles fmite us when we fear; All the Flames that Lovers know, Trifles quench and Trifles blow.

LL the Letters received by Merchants in Holland from their Correspondents in Spain, are filled with the Armaments that are carrying on in the Ports of that Kingdom. The following 16 Ships of the Line and 6 Frigates, only wait for Orders to put to Sea under the Command of Don Andreo Reggio and the Count de Florida. Guns 80 | Le Souverain, Guns 70

Le Roi, Le Triomphant, La Reine, Le Vanqueur, L'Aigle, Le Septentrion, L'Aquilon, La Castille, La Vengeance, Le Brillant, Le Champion, L'Aftree, L'Espagne, Le.Gaillard, La Junon, Le Lievre, L'Hector, La Pales, Le Neptune,

e Puissant, 70 | La Venus, 26 The House (late the London Infirmary in Goodman's Fields) is taken and fitting up for the Re-

ception of Penitent Profitutes.

The following is the Form of the Oath which the King of Pruffia bath demanded from all the Towns

throughout the Electorate of Saxony.

"In the Name of Almighty God, and by his Holy Gospel, I, N. N. do promise Fidelity to the most Serene and most Puissant Prince Frederick III. King of Prussia; and that I will contribute my utmost to promote his Interest; that I will Discover whatever may tend to his Prejudice, and every Breach of Faith, as soon as it shall come to my Breach of Faith, as foon as it shall come to my Knowledge; that I will also endeavour to prevent it, to the utmost of my Power; and that I will

it, to the utmost of my Power; and that I will in all Things, behave in the Manner above promised, and so that I may be able to justify it before the awful Tribunal of God. So help me God."

Galway, in Ireland, May 12. On Wednesday last arrived in this Harbour the Bellona Privateer of Bristol, Capt. Thomas Richards, mounting 16 Carriage Guns, who on the 26th of April last got into St. Martin's, near Rochelle, and cut away from their Moorings 14 French Merchantmen, two of which he hath brought fafe into this Port, of 100 Tons each, laden with Wine and Brandy; the other 12, the Captain hopes, are got safe into some Port of Great-Britain or Ireland. This Action was

Port of Great-Britain or Ireland. This Action was done at Noon Day, and within Gun Shot of feven French Men of War of the Line and four Frigates. The Captain supposes these to be Part of the Fleet dispersed by Admiral Hawke.

RINGSTON, in Jamaica, May 13.

We hear the following French Men of War are arrived at the Cape, viz. two of 74, one of 64, and two Frigates, with a large Fleet of Merchantmen under their Convoy. It is faid this Fleet passes and two Frigates, with a large Fleet of Merchant-men under their Convoy. It is faid this Fleet paf-fed by some of our Men of War, but were so much afraid of seeing our Squadron, that they did not so much as speak to, or offer to chase them. Thursday arrived a French Cartel Sloop with 70

Prisoners, from Cape-François; by whom we learn, that there are several Sail of Merchant Vessels lying there, all loaded as deep as they can swim, and ready for the Sea; among whom there are two very large Dutch Ships, one of them carrying 34 Iron Guns, 12, 9 and 6 Pounders, with 80 Men (who is to be Commodore of the Fleet) the other carries 24 Iron Guns, 6 and 4 Pounders, and 75 Men; the Officers and Crews of which Dutch Ships, declare, They will Fight fill they Dis, to protect the French: The reft of the Fleet confifs of 8 Ships of 12 Guns each, two large Snows, two Privateer Sloops, one of 12 Guns, 6 and 4 Pounders, the other of 10 Guns, 4 and 3 Pounders, none of whom dare venture to Sea, for fear of the English cruizing off and on the Cape, and have their general Rendezvous at Monto-Christi.

HALIFAX, July 15.
Our latest Advices from Gaberous Bay are to
Saturday last, to which Time, we are informed,

that Things go on exceeding well there: That no material Advantages had been gained over the Enemy, more than the entirely demolishing the Island Battery, and silencing the 32 Gun Frigate, which in some Measure impeded our Works going on (as mentioned in our last) by two Shells from the 8 Gun Battery erected by General Wolfe: That our Troops are all in high Spirits, and indefatigable in compleating the Works, which it was expected would be soon effected: That the greatest Harmony subsisted between the Gentlemen of the Navy and Army; and that it was not doubt-

of the Navy and Army; and that it was not doubted but the Place must foon be given up.

We also hear, That it was suspected a French
74 Gun Ship of the Enemy's, had made her Escape
out of the Harbour; and that there was a great Misunderstanding between the French Admiral and the Governor of Louisburg, occasioned by his de-

taining the French Ships.

B O S T O N, July 24.

The Beginning of last Week, the Captains Hector M'Neal, Morton, Metcalf and M'Lane, arrived here from our Fleet at Louisburg: The Army are going on with bring Account that the Army are going on with the greatest Briskness in sinishing their Batteries, in order to make a general Fire with their Mortars' and Cannon on the City and their Ships; and that and Cannon on the City and their Ships; and that a 64 Gun Ship, which had been placed in the Room of the 36 Gun Frigate, not answering the Design of the Enemy so well in preventing Batteries being erected by our Men, had been replaced by the Frigate: But by the last-mentioned Capt. who lest Gaberous-Bay 15 Days ago, we are informed, that she was almost silenced, so that our Men met with little Opposition in making the Men met with little Opposition in making the Roads, and getting their Artillery to the Batteries; and that two or three were opened the Day he left them, and the next Day, it was faid, the others were to be unmasked, and to begin their Firing.

On Friday Morning last died, after a long Indisposition, Mr. Thomas Fleet, in the 73d Year of position, Mr. THOMAS FLEET, in the 73d Year of his Age. He was for many Years a considerable Printer in this Town; and was remarkable for his Understanding and Industry in the Business of his own Profession: Besides which, he had a general and extensive Knowledge of the World. He was strictly just and upright, in all his Dealings with Men. He was of a friendly and benevolent Disposition, and naturally inclined to Acts of Cha-Disposition, and naturally inclined to Acts of Cha-

Disposition, and naturally inclined to Acts of Charity and Generosity, on every proper Occasion.

Our last Advices from the Fleet and Army at Louisburg, are of the 9th Instant, from thence, brought by Capt. Mitchell, who arrived here last Friday, and says, That the Garrison continued obstinate, and made frequent Sallies; that the Day before he sailed, the Enemy sallied out and came upon a Party of our Men, and killed 60 of them: upon a Party of our Men, and killed 60 of them; that another Party of our Men hearing the Fire; came up and almost furrounded the Enemy before they discovered them, when they were obliged to retire, with the Loss of 100 Men, besides Prisoners: That 2 or 3 Batteries were opened, and playing upon the Shipping and Town; and it was thought in a Day or Two the Place must surrender: If so, we hope to be able in our next to give a particular Account of the same.

NEW-YORK, July 31

Monday last in the Asternoon, Capt. Homer in Snow arrived here from Halifax, in 11 Days but brings nothing relative to the Siege of Louis-burg: He says, that when he less Halisax several large Ships were loading Fascines there; but whether they were to carry them to Louisburg, or up the River St. Lawrence, he could not tell.

the River St. Lawrence, he could not tell.

By a Letter from Boston, dated last Monday, we have certain Intelligence, that the Garrison of Louisburg consists of 3000 Regulars, 3000 Sailors, and 2000 Inhabitants; that Admiral Boscawen, had erected a Battery to be conducted entirely by Seamen, in order to destroy the Men of War in the Harbour; and that they had all their imail